

ACTS

The book is generally referred to by the simplified title of Acts but the actual name of the book is the Acts of the _____. The author is the apostle Luke and the book is a continuation of his gospel letter. The book focuses on and could be considered the _____ book of the early church. The reason it is titled the Acts of the Apostles is because it serves as the record that the Apostles _____ the commission that Jesus gave them during his earthly ministry. Acts is a transitional book. Moving away from the system of Judaism and into the church age. To establish that the church was an expansion and continuation of the ministry of the Lord Jesus, you find things happening in the early church the signify it is not just a man made organization but a God ordained organization. Things like:

Chapter 1

The book opens (v1-5) where the gospel letters end with Jesus gathered with the _____ after the resurrection. He instructs them to wait at Jerusalem until the promised Holy Spirit arrived to begin His permeant ministry of indwelling the believer. (v6-11) The disciples assume that the restoration of the kingdom is soon to come so they inquire about it and receive instructions. (v12-26) With Judas now gone, the disciples take _____ into their own hands to replace him.

Chapter 2

The Holy Spirit arrives to begin His long awaited and now permeant _____ to the believer (v1-13). Peter stands to preach the gospel at Pentecost (v14-40) and the New Testament church is _____ (v41-47).

Chapter 3

Peter heals the lame beggar (v1-10) on his way to the temple to pray. Peter takes advantage of the situation and ascends to Solomons Porch to give the _____ (v11-26)

Chapter 4

The events of chapter 3 continue as the religious hierarchy are _____ at the events of at the temple and question Peter and John about the events at the temple (1-31). The persecution of the early church strengthened their bond (v32-37).

Chapter 5

The Ananias and Sapphira debacle (v1-11). (v12-16) Many signs and wonders are done by the apostles. (v17-42) The religious hierarchy _____ the disciples. An angel of the Lord let's them out of prison. They are brought in again, questioned, threatened and told not to _____ Jesus anymore. They leave and keep preaching Jesus.

Chapter 6-7

The choosing of the first _____ (v1-7). (8-15) One of the deacons named Stephen began to do miracles among the people which gave him an audience. This again enraged the religious leaders who accused him of blasphemy and set up _____ witnesses to substantiate the claims. (Ch 7) He answered these charges with a sermon that gets him _____.

Chapter 8

The stoning of Stephen began the _____ of the church in Jerusalem which pushed many of the disciples into Judah and Samaria. A man named _____ was present and consented to the death of Stephan. He would continue to persecute the church (v1-3). _____ the deacon preaches at Samaria (v4-8) where a sorcerer named Simon gets saved (v9-25). The chapter ends with Philip evangelizing the Ethiopian Eunuch in Gaza.

Chapter 9

Saul (from Chapter 8) is _____ and the Lord changed his name to _____. He returns to Jerusalem. He desires to join with his new spiritual family which is meet with apprehension by the disciples. Barnabas vouched for him. This edifies all the churches in Judea and Galilee (v1-31). Peter resurfaces and performs two miracles (v32-43)

Chapter 10

The account of Peter evangelizing the _____ Cornelius and his family. He also witnesses them receive the Holy Spirit.

Chapter 11

(v1-18) Peter reports the conversion of Cornelius house to the church as Jerusalem.
(v19-30) The church at _____ is establish by those who were fleeing the persecution of chapter 8.

Chapter 12

The chapter opens with king Herod the killing _____, the brother of John. Seeing it pleased the people, He set his eyes on Peter and had him imprisoned. The church holds a prayer meeting and the Lord answers their prayers, releasing Peter from prison. Upon being adored by the people, allows them to worship him and is immediately dies.

Chapter 13-14

Paul and Barnabas are called and commissioned as the first _____ from the church at Antioch. They would take the gospel to the Gentiles.

Chapter 15

The first doctrinal controversy arises when men came from Judea teaching _____. A counsel is formed and the matter taken before the elders in the church at Jerusalem (v22-35). Paul and Barnabas separate in a _____ over John Mark, Paul takes a disciples named Silas and continues his work.

Chapter 16

Paul identifies a new missionary partner when he finds Timothy (v1-5) Shortly thereafter he receives the Macedonian call. Upon arriving in Macedonia, he finds _____, who gets saved and desires them to stay (v11-15). Paul and Silas are bothered by a demon possessed girl (v16-19) which Paul casts the demon from. This gets them imprisoned where the win the jailor and his family (v25-40).

Chapter 17

Paul and Silas arrive at Thessalonica for a _____ stay in which they plant the church of Thessalonica (v1-9). They move on to Berea (v10) Athens (v16-21) and eventually Mars Hill (V22-34)

Chapter 18

In his church planting endeavors Paul arrives in _____ (v1-17) where he meets two very valuable saints of God, Aquila and Pricilla. They will accompany him on future ministry endeavors and provide him an opportunity to _____ in their tent making business when needed. (v18-19) They sail to Ephesus, where Paul leaves the couple before heading back to Jerusalem to report to the church. While in Ephesus, Pricilla and Aquila encounter Apollos, an able orator whom they disciple.

Chapter 19

Paul comes to Ephesus (v1-17) where after helping a group of believers get settled doctrinally, he encounters the sons of Sceva (v11-20). They see Paul's _____ over unclean spirits and attempt to do the same, unsuccessfully. Eventually after Paul's work in Ephesus started affecting the community, it caused a stir among the people.

Chapter 20-26

After the uproar settles down in Ephesus, Paul departs for Macedonia, making several stops along the way, ending up in Jerusalem. He faces several trials. Being a man with _____ citizenship, meaning he was both a _____ and a citizen of _____, Paul appeals to Caesar which merits his release.

Chapter 27

Paul sets sail for _____ but gets caught in a horrible storm where his ship is destroyed and he is left shipwrecked on the island of Melita.

Chapter 28

Paul finally arrives in Rome to stand trial. He spent two years on _____ where he preached and taught the word of God.